Finds Its Truest Interpretation in the Tone of the

## KNABE.

The musician thinks little or nothing of the price when buying his instrument. He doesn't want a piano because it is cheap or because it is expensive. He wants the instrument whose tone satisfies him, whose action is almost humanly responsive to his touch. The beginner can well take the artist's example in such matters. Artists everywhere unite in the one opinion that the Knabe Piano reaches the ideal of piano perfection.

Knabe Uprights, \$500 to \$750. Knabe Grands. \$750 to \$1,200.

If you have a piano you want to trade in, it can be applied as a cash payment on the new Knabe, and a liberal allowance will be made for it.

## WM. KNABE & CO., 1218-1220 P Street.

PHILIP T. HALL-New Store-TWELVE-TEN "F" ST.

# Specials Furnishings for the coming week.

in Men's New

The new store is naturally attractive, with its new stock and its air of freshness. We're enhancing this attractiveness with such attractively priced specials

Shirts

-A line of new Neglige Shirtsstylish effects in gray grounds-tan grounds, etc. - snappy \$ 1.15 stripes and figures. \$1.50 quality we offer at.....

Ties

-The latest creations in Neckwear for spring. These are all Silk Double Four-in-Hands, in a wide variety of new colorings and patterns—3 for \$1 35°C.

Hose

-A special import purchase of Men's Fine Black Hose, full regular made—a quality always sold at 35c.—spe- 21 C.

Shirts to Order, \$2.50

-Just for a few days we'll take orders for Shirts to order from a new line of \$3.50 Scotch Madras Shirtings at \$2.50. We'll make them to fit perfectly—with cuffs to match—attached or detached. A good chance to get good Shirts.

At 13th and F -the old store-the bargain chances are becoming better and better. Good picking still.

Philip T. Hall, Shirtmaker, 1210 F.

## LaGrippe Fatal to Weak Hearts.

an attack of La Grippe.
Statistics prove that one person in four has a weak heart, and La Grippe wrecks

it, destroys it.

The deadly poisonous germs impoverish the blood and eat out the nerves and muscular tissues of the heart, which robs it of its vital force, and death is the result.

The surest sign of a weak heart is shortness of breath after exercise, palpitation or fluttering, oppressed feeling in the chest, choking or smothering sensation, weak or hungry spells and pain in heart or shoulder.

Your heart cannot get well of itself any more than any other sick organ.

## It needs medicine, a heart remedy; it needs

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure

a reliable heart medicine and tonic that will cure almost every case, even if pronounced hopeless, because it restores nerve and muscular energy, feeds the blood
and gives the heart the power to send the rich, red, life-giving fluid coursing through
the body.

"An attack of the grip left me with a very weak heart. Palpitation, thereness of breath and smothering spells that made me nit up in bed to breathe, robbing me of sleep, made me most miserable. I would become fatigued and exhausted from the least exertion and was in such a critical condition that I could not attend to my businous, I was gradually growing weaker every day. I began taking Dr. Mille.' Heart Cure and after I had usel two bittles I was greatly improved. I took six bottles, when I was able to attend to businoss. I was completely and permanently cured by Dr. Miles' Heart Cure and cheerfully recommend it to all sufferers from that terrible affliction."—H. H. EHLE. Gloversville, N. Y.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold under a guarantee that if first bottle does not benefit your druggist will return your money. We stand back of this guarantee. DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., LABORATORIES, ELKHART, IND.

#### EPWORTH LEAGUE NOTES.

Members of the Washington Epworthh League will leave the Baltimore and Ohio station at 5 o'clock Tuesday, March 29, for Baltimore to attend the conference rally of the Epworth League in Fayette Street M. E. Church, which is to open at 7:30 p.m. An interesting program has been arranged. Mr. R. L. Reamy and several Baltimore leaguers will meet the train at Camden station and take the delegation through the ruins of the recent fire. The Baltimore and Ohio road has been selected as the official route, and it is expected a special car will be reserved. Among those who are going are the following: Dr. John H. Wesler, Mrs. J. H. Wesler, Mr. F. T. Israel, Mr. H. W. Poole, Mrs. F. T. Israel, Miss Elsie Paxton, Poole, Mrs. F. T. Israel, Miss Elsie Paxton, Mrs. Paxton, Rev. E. H. Smith, five representatives from Wilson Memorial, Rev. Reese Murray, Fred E. Woodward, Rev. E. L. Hubbard, Miss McAllister, E. H. Pullman, Edwin Riley and Worth L. Harper.

The program arranged is as follows: Rev. Page Milburn to preside; song service, conducted by Mr. Charles P. Cleveland; prayer, Part F. T. Marches, P. Cleveland; prayer, and Page Milburn to preside; song service, conducted by Mr. Charles P. Cleveland; prayer, and Page Milburn to preside; and prayer, and presidents and prayer, and presidents and prayer, and presidents and prayer. Rev. E. T. Mowbray; address, "Aged People's Outing Association," Rev. C. E. Guthrie; music; address, "The Spirit of the Seer," Rev. W. G. McNeil; music; address, "The Poor and the Law of the Kingdom," Rev. B. W. Meeks; solo, Miss Amelia C. Karner, address "Characteristics of an En-Kerner; address, "Characteristics of an Ep-worth Leaguer," Rev. Harold M. Rider; election of officers for ensuing year; doxology and benediction.

The party will return on the train leav-

Eldbrooke Epworth League officers have been complimented by several persons on providing the very instructive lecture on "The Holy Land" by Dr. A. J. Arbeely recently given in Eldbrooke Church, Tenleytown. Miss Clara Chappell conducted the devotional service Sunday evening. Her removed the devotional service Sunday evening. Her removed the devotional service Sunday evening. Her removed the devotional service Sunday evening and the letter of a love-stricken babu, quoted by the Penang Gazette. The writer continues:

"My educational capabilities have abandoned me and here I now cling to those daughter like a mariner shipwrecked on the rock of love. As to my scholastic calibre of the providing the Penang Gazette. The writer continues:

"My educational capabilities have abandoned me and here I now cling to those daughter like a mariner shipwrecked on the rock of love. As to my scholastic calibre of the providing the penang Gazette. The writer continues:

"My educational capabilities have abandoned me and here I now cling to those daughter like a mariner shipwrecked on the rock of love. As to my scholastic calibre of the providing that the providing the penang Gazette. The writer continues:

"My educational capabilities have abandoned me and here I now cling to those lovely long tresses of your much coveted daughter like a mariner shipwrecked on the rock of love. As to my scholastic calibre of the providing the penang Gazette.

ed to by large number. The Sunday even-ing meeting will be a praise and prayer service at 7:15.

The Literary League Circle of Epworth M. E. Church South, corner 7th and A streets northeast, held its monthly entertainment last night in the lecture room of the church. The program consisted of a lecture-recital on the poet James Whitcomb Riley by Judge Jeremiah F. Pittman, a large and appreciative audience being pres The music consisted of a vocal by Mr. Van A. Potter, a violin solo by Mr. B. J. Wrightsman, with plane accompaniment by Miss Wheelock, and instrumental solos by Miss Gussie Bethune and Mr. Will-

#### To Represent Peru. Mr. Volney W. Foster has been named by

Peru as its representative on the international commission of archaeology and ethnology, which was organized by the diplomatic representatives of the American re-public at the last meeting in the City of Mexico.

#### Babu's "Secret Passion." From the London Mail.

"It is with faltering penmanship that I write to have communication with you about the prospective condition of damse! offspring. For some remote time past a secret passion has been firing in my bosom internally with loving for your-

So begins the letter of a love-stricken

Date for Ceremonies at Site of D. A. R. Hall.

ON "LEXINGTON DAY"

ANNUAL CONGRESS OF DAUGH-TERS TO MEET HERE.

Prominent Officials Invited to Participate in the Exercises-Elaborate Decorations Proposed.

The corner stone of the memorial hall to be erected by the Daughters of the American Revolution on the property purchased by them south of the Corcoran Art Gallery will be laid with appropriate ceremonies April 9, the anniversary of the battle of Lexington. This ceremony will be the gala ceremony of the annual congress of the Daughters, which will then be in session here. A meeting of the committee in charge of the corner stone laying was held yesterday at the national headquarters of the society in this city, and the arrangements for the ceremony were practically completed. It is proposed to make the event one of the most imposing of the kind in the history of the city. All the prominent public officials will be in attendance and several of these have been se-

lected as orators. The society over a year ago purchased a parcel of ground 210 feet north and south along 17th street between C and D, and 160 along 17th street between C and D, and 169 feet east and west along the two streets last named. On the north stands the classic home of the Corcoran Gallery of Art and on the south in course of time will rise the architectural group of the Columbian University. This series when completed, representing art, patriotism and learning, will be the most artistic and interesting of any non-government structures at the national capital.

#### Confers With Experts.

February 22, 1933, the District of Columbia Society of Sons of the American Revolution presented the ladies with a large post flag, and Mr. F. D. Owen, one of the 'sons," gave a flag staff from which the national colors have floated ever since. In the meantime the committee on architecture has been in conference with experts and offered competitive prizes for the most suitable design of an edifice adapted to the business and commemorative requirements of the organization, and also affording hall space and conveniences for the congress and other entertainments in line with the purposes of the society. purposes of the society.

The successful competitor was Edward P.
Casey, architect of New York, who is well

known in Washington as assistant to Berpard R. Green, who carried to completion the Library of Congress

The success of the work is assured by the decidedly thrifty condition of the treasury of the "Daughters," which shows a balance, after payment of spot cash for the lot, of approximately \$190,000.

#### Guarantee of \$40,000.

The membership approaches 40,000, which is a guarantee of that number of dollars in revenue to the coffers of the national soclety, an equal amount being held by the constituent chapters for home expenses.

The society, which was organized October 11, 1800, with Mrs. Benjamin Harrison as president general, has 650 chapters in fortyfive states and territories and the District of Columbia, besides in England, Canada, South Africa and the Philippines. The spread of American institutions over the affairs, but partakes of the reminiscent features of the struggle which give the American republic birth in the family of nations. The committee has fixed 2:30 p.m. on "Lexington day", 1:04, for the ceremonies. The foundation, ready for the corner stone, will be in place in time. It is proposed to have accommodations on a platform for about 400 persons, speakers and others associated with the proceedings, and about 2,500 chairs on a flooring in the court for guests. The decorations, flag and floral in blue and white, will be very claborate. A specially arranged musical program will give addi-

tional interest to the occasion. The card bearing the order of exercises will be richly printed in gold and colors to be retained as a souvenir. A deputation of the Sons of the American Revolution is expected to assist as a reception committee. The committee on ceremonies consists of Mrs. Fairbanks, president general, ex-officio; Mrs. M. B. Tullock, chairman; Mrs. officito; Mrs. M. B. Tullock, chairman; Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, Mrs. Frances J. Mann, Mrs. Mary Evans Rose, Mrs. Augusta P. Shute, Miss Mary Desha, Mrs. Jane S. Owen Keim and Mrs. S. R. Kenny.

#### Mr. Owen in Charge.

The committee has requested Mr. Fredeick D. Owen, who designed the spectacular features of the Sherman statue unveiling ceremonies under the direction of Colone T. W. Symons, to take charge of this part in the arrangements for their celebration. Something new in corner stone laying will be seen if the weather will permit. It is proposed after the corner stone lay-

ing to proceed with the foundation to com-pletion during the present season, Richardson & Burgess being the contractors. In honor of the event, as indicated by re ports from all the chapter regents, the ap-proaching continental congress will be the most successful in numbers and enthusiasm in the history of these spirit of '76 assem-

#### EXPOSITION STAMPS.

#### Louisiana Purchase to Be Commemorated by Special Issue.

The Post Office Department has through the office of the third assistant postmaster general notified all postmasters that a spe cial series of stamps in five denominations to commemorate the Louisiana purchase of 1803, and known as the commemorative series of 1904, will be issued beginning April 21 for sale to the public during the term of the Louisiana purchase exposition, from April 30 to December 1, 1904. They will not be sold to the public before or after this period.

The denominations and subjects of these stamps are as follows:

One-cent, green, subject, Robert R. Livingston, United States minister to France, who conducted the negotiations for the Louisiana purchase. Two-cent, red; Thos. Jefferson, President of the United States at the time of the purchase. Three-cent, purple; James Monroe, special ambassador to France in the matter of the purchase, who, with Livingston, closed the negotia-tions. Five-cent, blue: William McKinley, who as President of the United States ap-proved the acts of Congress officially con-necting the United States government with the commemorative exposition. Ten-cent, brown; United States map showing the ter-

ritory of the purchase.

This series of stamps will not be issued in book form, and there will be no commempaper wrappers, postal cards, special de-

paper wrappers, postal cards, special delivery or due stamps.

In order to have enough of these stamps to last until June 30 the department has ordered from the bureau of engraving and printing 90,000,000 of the 1-cent stamps, 225,000,000 of the 2-cent, 750,000 of the 3-cent, 9,500,000 of the 5-cent and 6,500,000 of the 10-cent. It is estimated that as many more will be required to carry the postmasters through to the end of the exposition, which closes on November 30.

#### Coast Survey Schooner in Port.

The United States coast survey schooner Matchless came up the Potomac under full sail yesterday afternoon and anchored a short distance above Alexandria. While the coast survey steamers are frequent visitors to the Potomac, it is seldom that a sailing vessel of the fleet comes here, this being the first visit of the Matchless in about six years. She has been employed in survey work on the eastern shore of Maryland, and, it is stated, she has some here to have some repair work done by the ship carpenters at the navy yard.

# THE DISTRICT BILL THE SWAYNE CHARGES

Report of the House Judiciary Committee.

ALLEGED INJUSTICE

ACCUSED OF ABUSE OF POWER AND TYRANNICAL PRACTICES.

Claimed That He Has Forfeited the Respect of the Bar of His Court and the People of His District.

Representative Palmer submitted to the House of Representatives late yesterday afternoon the report of the committee on the judiclary on the Swayne impeachment case. The recommendation of the committee is as follows:

"Resolved, That Charles Swayne, judge of "Resolved, That Charles Swayne, judge of the district court of the United States in and for the northern district of Florida, be impeached of high misdemeanor."

Charges Against Swayne.

After discussing specifically the charges in detail against Judge Swayne, and giving the findings in each case, the report closes as follows:

"Upon the whole case it is plain that Judge Swayne has forfeited the respect and Judge Swayne has forfeited the respect and confidence of the bar of his court and of the people of his district who do business here. He has so conducted himself as to earn the reputation of being susceptible to the malign influence of a man of notoriously bad character. He has shown himself to be harsh, tyrannical and oppressive, unmindful of the common rule of a just and upright judge. He has continuously and persistently violated the plain words of a statute of the United States, and subjected himself to punishment for the commission of a high misdemeanor. He has fined and imprisoned members of his bar for a constructive conmembers of his bar for a constructive con-tempt without the authority of law and without a decent show of reason, either through inexcusable ignorance, a malicious through inexcusable ignorance, a malicious intent to injure or a wanton disposition to exercise arbitrary power. He has condemned to a term of imprisonment in the county jail a reputable citizen of the state of Florida over whom he had no jurisdiction, who was guilty of no thought of a contempt of his court, for no offense against him or in the presence of the court, or in obstruction of any order, rule, command or decree, and after the accused had purged himself on oath.

himself on oath.
"For all those reasons Charles Swayne has been guilty of misbehavior in his of-fice of judge, and grossly violated the con-ditions upon which he held this honorable appointment. The honor of the judiciary, appointment. The honor of the judiciary, the orderly and decent administration of public justice and the welfare of the people of the United States demand his impeachment and removal from the high place which his conduct has degraded.

"It is vitally necessary to maintain the confidence of the people in the judiciary. A weak executive or an inefficient or even dishonest legislative branch may exist for

weak executive or an inefficient or even dishonest legislative branch may exist for a time at least, without serious injury to the perpetuity of our free institutions, but if the people loss faith in the judicial branch, if they become convinced that justice cannot be had at the hands of the judges, the next step will be to take the administration of the law into their own hands and do justice according to the rule. hands and do justice according to the rule of the mob, which is anarchy—with which freedom cannot coexist."

Discussing the Charges. As to the charge that Judge Swayne is a non-resident of his district the report con-

"From the testimony of the case your committee find that Judge Swavne

never acquired a legal residence in the northern district of Florida, nor has he actually resided there, as required by the act of Congress, which is as follows: "'A district judge shall be appointed for each district, except in the cases hereinafter provided. Every such judge shall re-side in the district for which he is appoint-

ed, and for offending against this provision shall be guilty of a high misdemeanor." The next charge considered in the report is that of the disbarment, imprisonment and fine imposed by Judge Swayne against E. T. Davis and Simeon Belden. This case involved litigation regarding a certain tract of land, a section of which, the report says, was purchased by Judge Swayne in the name of his wife while the proceedings were pending before his court. The two were pending before his court. The two attorneys mentioned brought suit against Judge Swayne in a county court for the purpose of clearing title to the land, "whereupon Judge Swayne," the report says, "proceeded to adjudge Belden and Davis guilt of the 'charges which were in violation of the dignity and good order of

the said court and a contempt thereof,' and

after some abusive remarks sentenced them to be disbarred for the term of two years, to pay a fine of \$100 each and to undergo an imprisonment for the period of ten days in the county jail." The committee passes judgment on this transaction in the following language:
"Your committee is of opinion that Judge Swayne was guilty of gross abuse of ju-dicial power and misbehavior in office in this case. They believe that he had no authority or right to adjudge Simon Belden and E. F. Davis guilty of a contempt of court under the circumstances of the case; • • that the sentence imposed Judge Swayne was unauthorized unlawful. It can be accounted only on the theory that the j only on the theory that the judge imposing it was ignorant or vindict-ive. \* \* \* For such a high misdemeanor in office, no judge should be alowed to escape just punishment on the plea that he made a mistake of law. If allowed, there is no arbitrary abuse of discretion, no dis-

obedience of law, no oppression or outrage upon the rights of liberty or property that could not go unwhipt of justice."

Tool of Alleged Conspiracy. The case of W. H. Hoskins the report erms one of "peculiar hardship." Hoskins was advanced in years and unable to read and write. He had accumulated property to the value of \$40,000, and owed debts to the extent of \$10,000. "The evidence is full and convincing," the report says, "that a lawyer named Boone conspired with one Calhoun to put Hoskies in bankruptcy in order to plunder his estate." The details of this case are given at length in the report. Calhoun sent a man to seize Hoskins' books at one of his branch stores, Hoskins being a dealer in turpentine. He found a certain book belonging to the firm of Hoskins & Brother, which had been left for a book-keeper to make up. This book was taken away by a young son of Hoskins after he had stated that it contained nothing about his father's business. Contempt proceedings were begun before Judge Swayne and the young man adjudged cuilty although the young man adjudged guilty, although, the report says, evidence was offered to show that the book contained nothing whatever that the book contained nothing whatever bearing on the bankruptcy case. Young Hoskins went into hiding to escape arrest, and stated that he would rather die than go

# 

Timely Advice. April Prices.

> Superior Quality Only. Reading or Lehigh.

White Ash Stove - - -\$6.75 White Ash Chestnut = -\$6.75 White Ash Egg = -White Ash Furnace -White Ash Pea Red Ash Stove - - -\$7.00

We keep the dirt, you get the coal. 2240 pounds to the ton.

## WM. J. ZEH,

702 11th St. N.W. 1312 14th St. N.W. 6th & K Sts. N.W. 13th & D Sts. S.W.

had been handsomely decorated with the college colors—orange and blue—and with national flags. Musical numbers were ren-dered by members of the Columbian Glee Club and by other students in the uni-

of proceeding. To continue the case of Hoskins without day under the circumstances was an unparalleled abuse of discretion on the part of the judge which amounted to a denial of justice."

The case of W. C. O'Neal, which the report treats of next, relates incidents in a bankruptcy proceeding in which one Greenhut, a receiver in the case, was stabbed by O'Neal in an affray growing out of the inclusion of the bank of which O'Neal was president in the suit. Judge Swayne sentenced O'Neal to jail for sixty days for contempt of court, the contempt being that he had assaulted an officer of the court. After reciting the law of contempt the committee reciting the law of contempt the committee

report says:
"Manifestly the case of O'Neal was not within the act. The offense was not committed. • • • The conclusion is that in this case a citizen of the United States was unlawfully condemned to prison."

Alleged Undue Influence. The report deals with "The Tunnison

case" last. It says: trial in his court, in which Tunnison as prosecutor had been successfully impeached

is a witness.
"The evidence also establishes that the members of the bar at Pensacola, Fla., and elsewhere in the district and suitors in the United States court are of opinion that Tunnison has the power to exercise undue influence over Judge Swayne, and that he does exercise such influence. To such an ity, the worst of several years: St. Vinextent does this belief prevail that lawyers advise their clients to employ Tunnison in their business as the best and only way to succeed in Judge Swayne's court. • • The testimony satisfies the committee that Tunnison is a dishonest man; also that he is indorser on a note of Judge Swayne that has been renewed for seven successive years in the Pensacola Bank."

#### What Attorney Thompson Did Say. To the Editor of The Evening Star:

the 23d instant quoted me as saying at a hearing before the Commissioners of the District of Columbia on that date, relative to the railroad tracks of the Georgetown Barge Dock, Elevator and Railway Company, on Water street.

I did not say that by reason of the railroad company failing to keep in repair the pavement between the tracks and two feet on either side, their charter could be revoked. What I did say was that as the act of February 26, 1888, incorporating the railroad company, provided they should keep this pavement in repair, in default thereof the Commissioners were au-thorized to serve the railroad company with a ten days' notice, and the repairs not be-ing made, the Commissioners could make said repairs and charge it against the rail-

road company.

In connection with the revoking of the charter I did say that it was within the power of Congress to do so by reason of the failure to lay the tracks along the route specified in the act, as well as for many other omissions in completeing and organizing the railroad company as required.

SMITH THOMPSON, JR., President Georgetown Citizens' Associa

#### CLASSICAL CLUB MEETS.

#### Annual Gathering Addressed by Prof. Smith of Baltimore and Others.

A large and cultured audience assemble

in the main hall of Columbian University yesterday evening on the occasion of the fourth annual meeting of the Columbian Classical Club. The first speaker was Dr. Charles W. Needham, president of the university, who welcomed the club and its friends, and referred in very complimentary terms to the value of the organization to the institution on both the educational and the social sides. Professor Mitchell Carroll followed with a brief address, explanatory of the object and methods of the club, and expdessed the conviction that every well rounded character needed the inspiration and culture which could be obtained only by coming in contact with the literature and history of Greece and Rome. He then introduced Professor Kirby Flower Smith of Johns Hopkins University, who was the guest of honor and the lecturer of the

Roman Theatrical Performance." in a manner which was both scholarly and entertaining, illustrating and supporting his statements by quotations from Ovid, Virgil, Martial, Lucretius, Plutarch, Vitruvius and many other classical authors. His com-parisons with the modern drama and his witty allusions to current topics were greatly appreciated. The structure and arrangement of the ancient theater and the various devices for scenery and stage ef-fects were described, including an explanation of the origin of the phrase, ex machina. Professor Smith called attention to the fact that the curtain of the ancient theater

was rolled down instead of up, so that the phrases "the curtain fell" and "the curtain was rolled down instead of up, so that the phrases "the curtain fell" and "the curtain rose" in classical times must be taken in just the opposite sense from what they would have now. He also drew a striking parallel between the Roman and the modern drama in the fact that the increase in the number and popularity of the plays, and improvement in the stage appliances, were accompanied by a corresponding decline in literary and moral excellence; and noted as an omninous sign of degeneracy the growing tendency then, as now, to "combine costumes worth \$30,000 with dialogue worth 30 cents." He showed that many of the peculiar customs of the ancient theater, such as the wearing of masks and the fact that the regular plays, as distinguished from the mimes or farces, were always given in the daytime instead of at night, were due in part, at least, to its essentially religious origin; which was likewise one reason why, in the seating of the audience, certain parts of the house were Hoskins went into hiding to escape arrest, and stated that he would rather die than go to jail. When the charge was not dismissed he killed himself.

The report concludes as to this case:

"The whole disgraceful perversion of law and justice was made possible by the compalisancy, stupidity, or worse, of Judge Swayne, who lent himself to a conspiracy to ruin an honest man by alding to refuse a hearing to Hoskins on the ground that a book taken out of the custody of a receiver's clerk by any other persons must first be produced. It was a denial of justice. It was an arbitrary and oppressive abuse of power. There was no sufficient testimony before the judge that the book had any relevancy to the case; nothing but the affidavit of the receiver who had never seen the book, that he believed it contained something necessary to the determining of the question of Hoskins' solvency. In the face of an order to prove the fact by disinterested and competent testimony, among others that of a person who had examined it, the judge refused to believe his own brother if he would swear to it. \* This action of the judge presents at least an entirely new feature of the administration of justice. A suitor is denied the right to offer evidence in support of his case because the judge has made un his mind in advance that the witnesses offered are not worthy of belief. \* \* To refuse to hear these witnesses of the case; was an unwarranted and unhear!

The Columbian Classical Club, under the auspices of which the lecture was given, was organized four years ago, and has a present membership of over forty. It consists of the instructors and advanced students in the classical section of Columbian University and of teachers in the public and private schools of the District of Columbia and other persons interested in the classics who have been admitted to associate membership. The objects of the club are to increase the knowledge and appreciation of ancient life and literature among the students of the university and their friends, and to bring together in a social way those interested in classical study.

The officers for the present year are: President Prof. Mitchell Carroll; vice president, Prof. Charles S. Smith; secretary,

versity.

The Columbian Classical Club, under the

ident, Prof. Charles S. Smith; secretary, Mr. Paul N. Peck, and treasurer, Mr. Jascase" last. It says:

"The evidence established the fact that Judge Swayne reappointed B. C. Tunnison commissioner of the United States, after a type of the United States after a

#### Intensity of Siberian Cold. From the New York Tribune.

Americans regard the cold weather of

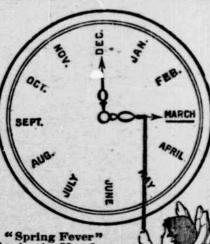
cent, Minn., 51 below; Fort Assiniboine, 55.4 below; Fort Beston, 55 below and Poplar River, 63 below. The 1st three sta-tions are in Montana. It is not unlikely, that in the territories of British America, lying just to the north of that state, and in the very heart of the continent, the cold has been slightly more severe than that just specified, but it is hard to obtain an authoritative record. While Greely was at Fort Conger, in latitude 81.7, in 1882, his he reports a drop to 70.8 in that vicinity in 1876. He also mentions a record of 73.8 below at Floeberg Beach, which is in latitude 83.5, north of the channel between

Greenland and Grant Land. But in Siberia a more terrible cold is experienced. At Yakutsk (which must not be confounded with Irkutsk), in latitude 62, the average for the three winter months together is 40 below zero, while individual drops to 75 and 76 below are not unknown. The coldest station where official and trustworthy observations have been made, though, is a little north of Yakutsk. It is in the vicinity of those mines to which Russia used to send her political prisoners. Verkjohansk is in latitude 67.5, just within the arctic circle, but much farther south than Greely's station at Fort Conger. It is inland about 250 miles from the Arctic ocean. During January, 1885, the whole month averaged 63.9 below zero, which is only a trifle above the minimum for a few hours observed by Greely at Fort Conger.
The preceding and following months at
Verkjohansk had average temperatures but
little higher than that of January. The
lowest single fail, the lowest on record any-

# **NOW** IS THE TIME

where in the world ,was to 90.4 below zero.

# **BLOOD WINE**



"Spring Fever" begins in March. BLOOD WINE cleanses your sys-tem of the clog-ging waste that winter has left. Invigorates Run

Cures Indiges-tion and Stomach Weakness.

Makes Permanent Strength and Regulates the Bowels and Drives Out Impurities.

Makes Rich, Red, Buoyant Blood. Blood Wine is the GRANDEST SPRING TONIC and STRENGH-ENER on EARTH.

#### SHE WAS CURED OF STOMACH TROUBLE AND NERVE WEAKNESS

As I have had severe attacks of stomach trouble for years, which unstrung my nerves and left me physically very weak, I was urged by friends to try Blood Wine. I have used three bottles, and I must say it has done me lots of good. Have had no attacks with my stomach since, and my nerves seem to be strengthened very much. I heartily recommend it to any one with stomach or nervous troubles.

MRS. JAMES M. BAKER,

181 Cedar St., Corning, N.Y.

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MENTS SUGGESTED. Quite a Lively Discussion on the Subject of the Telephone Rates

SEVERAL ADDITIONAL AMEND

The District of Columbia appropriation bill was read about half through in the Senate yesterday afternoon. Several additional amendments were suggested by Senator Allison on behalf of the committee and by others, but none of them was important.

In explaining the bill, Mr. Allison said that probably \$200,000 more would be needed to complete the highway bridge across the Potomac on the plans of the

War Department. He proposed an amendment limiting the total cost of that bridge to \$1,196,000.

He said the committee did not feel like providing for a high pressure water service this year at a cost of \$750,000, but it had increased the appropriation for the fire department \$100,000. Increasing Salaries.

Amendments by Senator Allison increasing the salary of the deputy collector from \$1,800 to \$2,000, and of the stenographer in the engineer's office from \$900 to \$1,000. An increase of an additional assistant at \$600 for the public library was moved and

adopted.
Under construction of county roads Mr Under construction of county roads Mr. Allison had an amendment adopted increasing from \$10,000 to \$20,000 the sum for grading and improving Connecticut avenue. He also had a new item adopted providing an appropriation of \$5,000 for grading and improving 7th street northeast from Bunker Hill road to Rhode Island avenue.

The unsatisfactory nature of sweeping some of the streets was referred to when the increase of from \$190,000 to \$200,000 in the appropriation for that purpose was

the appropriation for that purpose was noted. Mr. Allison said the increase for the work would help to have it better done. Mr. Gallinger said the District committee had had many complaints of the condition of some of the streets. He thought the machines would do better work.

Mr. Teller suggested that better results would be had if the work was done by con-

An amendment proposed by Mr. Allison providing that the inspector of asphalt and cements shall not render any expert advice or furnish any estimates or receive compensation therefor from any in-dividual, firm or corporation, but shall devote his time as such expert exclusively to the District of Columbia, was adopted with-

Discussion on Telephone Amendment. The telephone amendment caused some discussion. Senator Stewart said that when the telephone question was before the District committee a couple of years ago the company had made fair promises which it had not kent. "I am sorry now," he said, "I did not

then vote for an independent company as proposed by the House of Representa-He characterized the telephone com

Senator Gallinger explained that the committee amendment reduced the charges from \$72 to \$60 and from \$60 to Senator Stewart asked if the telephor company had signified its willingness to carry out the provisions of the Senate substitute for the House provision.

Senator Allison said it had, and that he

regarded the rates as proposed in the bill as reasonable for the present. If there should be necessity, he said, they would be lowered later. Sens tor Gallinger volunteered the statement that the company had the provisions and to have a penalty clause Senator Gorman defended the company and suggested that the rates as fixed might e too low.

An amendment offered by Senator New-lands provided that telephone companies doing business in the District should be required to make annual reports ,the report for the first year to show the of the plant, and it was adopted. Senator Gallinger admitted there had been poor service, but said there was a for it. The company now, he said, was in the hands of progressive men, who promise a model telephone service for Washington. He read a letter from President Bethel in explanation of the com-pany's difficulties. He said there was no general demand for a reduction of rates. Senator Hoar secured unanimous consent to offer an amendment directing the Distric Commissioners to report to Congress at its next session a plan for the removal to a place of burial in the city of Washington

### DR. LABOREE'S MURDERER.

Minister Pearson Reports That He Has

of the remains of Major Pierre Charles L'Enfant, to designate such place of in-

terment, and the character of a suitable

Been Located on Mount Ararat. With the greatest energy United States Minister Pearson is moving to secure the

capture and punishment of the murderer of Dr. Laboree, the American missionary. The minister cables the Department of State from Teheran, the Persian capital, that the murderer has been identified, and has been located on Mount Ararat, near the Turkish frontier. The same man has committed several other murders, one that of a Mr. Daniel, a British subject, last December, The murderer was aided by savage Kurds, who are sheltering and protecting him. His name is given as Si Jafa, and he claims to be a lineal descendant of the prophet Mahomet, and therefore entitled to special privileges. The Persian government, adds Mr. Pearson, has given the strictest orders for the protection of Christians in that re-

#### Elk National Park.

Washington Elks are much interested in the bill establishing an "elk national park," which was favorably reported from the committee on public lands to the House of Representatives Wednesday. The bill was originally introduced in the House by Representative Cushman of Washington, in whose state it is proposed to locate the park. As there are one hundred members of the B. P. O. E. in the Senate and House of the B. F. O. E. In the senate and nouse there is little doubt that the bill will pass. The order of Elks has for a number of years been much concerned in the preserva-tion of the elk, and has actively enlisted tion of the elk, and has actively enlisted to secure legislation. The proposed park is to contain 615 square miles. The bill provides that this area shall be "dedicated and set apart as a public park or pleasure ground for the benefit and enjoyment of the people of the United States, and all persons who shall locate or settle upon or occupy the same, or any part thereof, except as provided, shall be considered trespassers and be removed therefrom. The park shall be under the exclusive control and custody of the perstary of the Interior, whose duty it shall be to make and publish rules and regulations for its protection, care, manregulations for its protection, care, man agement and administration. The regula agement and administration. The regulations shall provide for the protection and preservation of the herd of wild elk therein, and the protection and preservation of all other shimals, birds, game and fish, and for the preservation from injury or spoliation of the natural objects, curiosities or wooders therein.

wonders therein.

"The Secretary may lease parcels of ground in the park as convenient for the erection of buildings for the accommodation of visitors and tourists, and grant hotel keepers permission to establish and maintain places of ertertainment. The park shall be open, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe, to all scientists, excursionists and pleasure seekers, and to the location of mining claims and the working of the same. Naval Candidates Qualify.

fied for appointment as assistant paymas ters in the navy. Brainard Murat Dobson gia; Robert Buck Lupton, New Jersey; Fred White Holt, Arkansas; Walter Doyle Sharp, Virginia; Wilmer David McCully. Oregon; Henry Ilsiey McCrea, Indiana; William Todd Sypher, Louisiana; Edwin Marcellus Hacker, Tennessee; Horace Beau-